Business Cycle Index 6-9-2016:

BCI-6-9-2016The BCI at 208.7 is up from last week's 207.1, which is a new high for the current Business Cycle indicated by BCIp at 100. Also, the 6-month smoothed annualized growth BCIg at 16.0 is up from last week's 16.0. No recession is signaled.

Summary 6-10-2016:

The MAC-US and is invested. Also, both the "3-mo Hi-Lo Index of the S&P500" and the "VMNFX vs. SPY Timer" are invested in the markets. The MAC-AU is also invested. The monthly update S&P500 Coppock indicator entered the markets in May. The recession indicators COMP and iM-BCIg do not signal a recession. The bond market model avoids high beta (long) bonds; the trend of the yield spread is indeterminate. The gold and the silver model are invested.

Stock-market:

The <u>MAC-US</u> model generated a buy-signal 4/5/2016 and thus is invested in the stock-markets. The sell-spread is up from last week's level and has to fall below zero to signal a sell.

The <u>3-mo Hi-Lo Index</u> of the S&P500 is invested in the market after it generated a buy signal on 3/23/2016.

The <u>VMNFX vs. SPY Timer</u> signaled an entry into the stock markets on 3/28/2016. For this model to exit the markets the indicator has to fall below the 2% trigger line and then rise above it.

The MAC-AU model is invested in the markets after it generated a buy signal on March 21, 2016. The sell-spread is higher than last week's level and has to fall below zero to signal a sell. This model and its application is described in <u>MAC-Australia: A Moving Average Crossover System for Superannuation Asset</u> <u>Allocations</u>

Recession:

Fig. 3 shows the COMP is up from last week's downward revised level, and does not signaling a recession. COMP can be used for stock market exit timing as discussed in this article <u>The Use of Recession Indicators in Stock Market Timing</u>.

Fig. 3.1 shows recession indicator iM-BCIg also up from last week's revised level. An imminent recession is not signaled.

Fig 3.2: The Forward Rate Ratio between the 2-year and 10-year U.S. Treasury yields (FRR2-10) is down from last week's level and far away from signaling a recession.

A description of this indicator can be found here.

Bond-market:

The <u>BVR-model</u> avoids high beta bonds (long-bonds) and also intermediate duration bonds. The Bond Value Ratio is shown in Fig 4. The BVR is up from last week's level. According to the model, only when BVR turns upward after having been lower than the lower offset-line should one consider long bonds again. It would appear that <u>BVR has peaked</u> end of January 2015.

The Yield Curve:

The <u>yield curve model</u> indicates the trend of the 10-year and 2-year Treasuries yield spread. Figure 5 charts (i10 – i2) which declined over the last year, which declined over the last year, was temporary halted, and appers to continue its downward trend.. FLAT and STPP are ETNs. STPP profits from a steepening yield curve and FLAT increases in value when the yield curve flattens. This model confirms the direction of the BVR.

<u>Gold:</u>

The modified Coppock Gold indicator is shown in Fig 6. This model generated a buy signal last week and is invested. This indicator is described in <u>Is it Time to Buy Gold</u> <u>Again? - Wait for the buy signal</u>

The **iM GOLD-TIMER** is shown in Fig. 6.1, it is invested in gold. This indicator is described in our article: <u>The iM Gold-Timer</u>

Silver:

The modified Coppock Silver indicator shown in Fig 7 and is currently invested. This indicator is described in <u>Silver - Better Than Gold: A Modified Coppock Indicator for Silver.</u>

Monthly Update Summary 6-2-2016: (next update 7/8/2016)

Unemployment

The unemployment rate recession model (<u>article link</u>), has been updated with the May UER of 4.7%. Based on the historic patterns of the unemployment rate indicators prior to recessions one can reasonably conclude that the U.S. economy is not likely to go into recession anytime soon.

The Dynamic Linearly Detrended Enhanced Aggregate Spread:

The Dynamic Linearly Detrended Enhanced Aggregate Spread (DAGS) is a long leading recession indicator, (article link); the latest DAGS level of 61 (last month 70 is above the recession warning trigger line, indicating that it is highly unlikely for a recession to start during the next 9 months.

Coppock Indicator for the S&P500

The Coppock indicator for the S&P500 generated a buy signal on May 19, 2016. This model is now in the market. This indicator is described here.

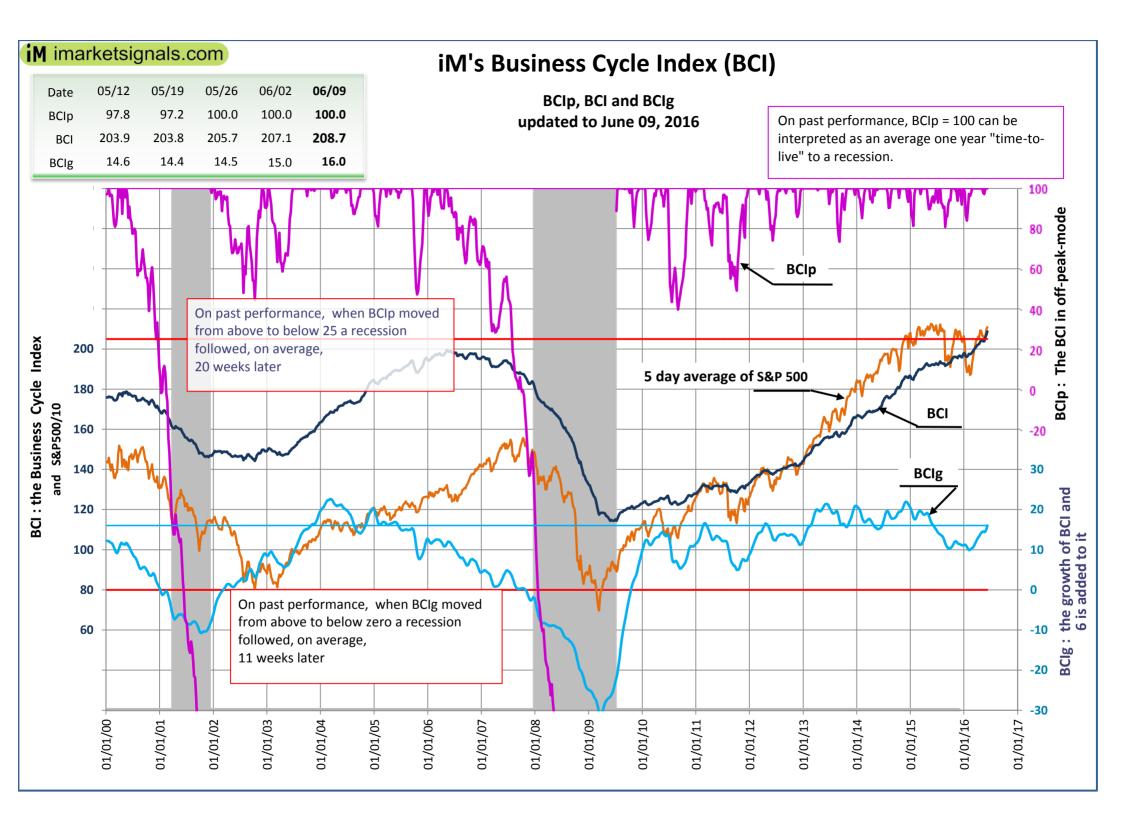
This indicator is described here .

Trade Weighted USD

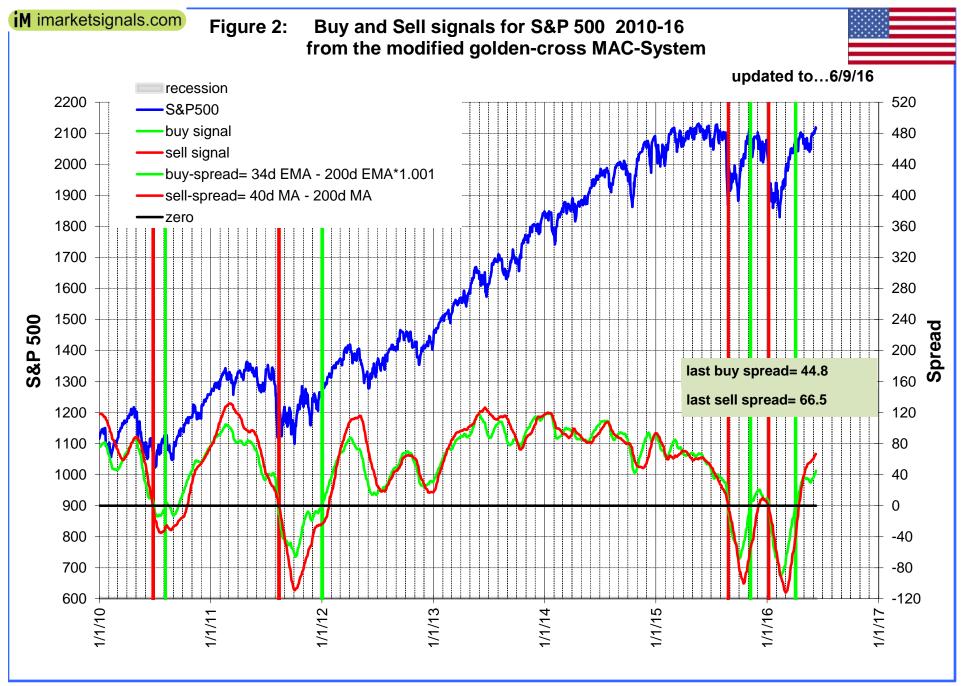
The TW\$ value has fallen and the 6 month moving average upward trend has been slowed.

TIAA Real Estate Account

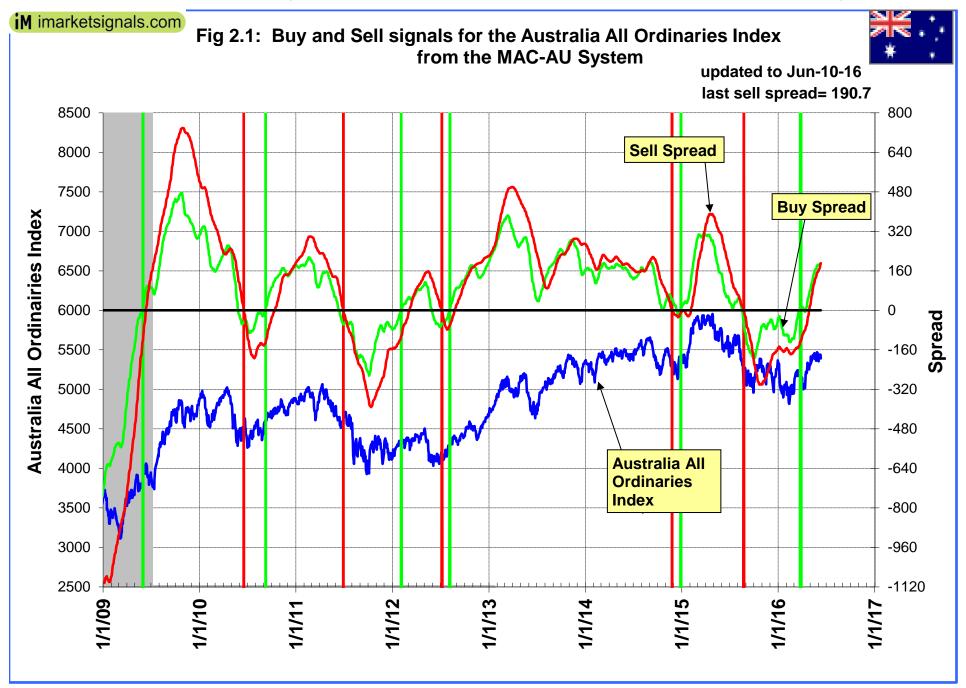
As of end of March 2016 the 1-year rolling return is 6.61%. The Vanguard REIT Index Fund has retreated from the all-time high; however, the good positive returns of TIAA Real Estate Account are expected to continue. A sell signal is not imminent. Read more ...



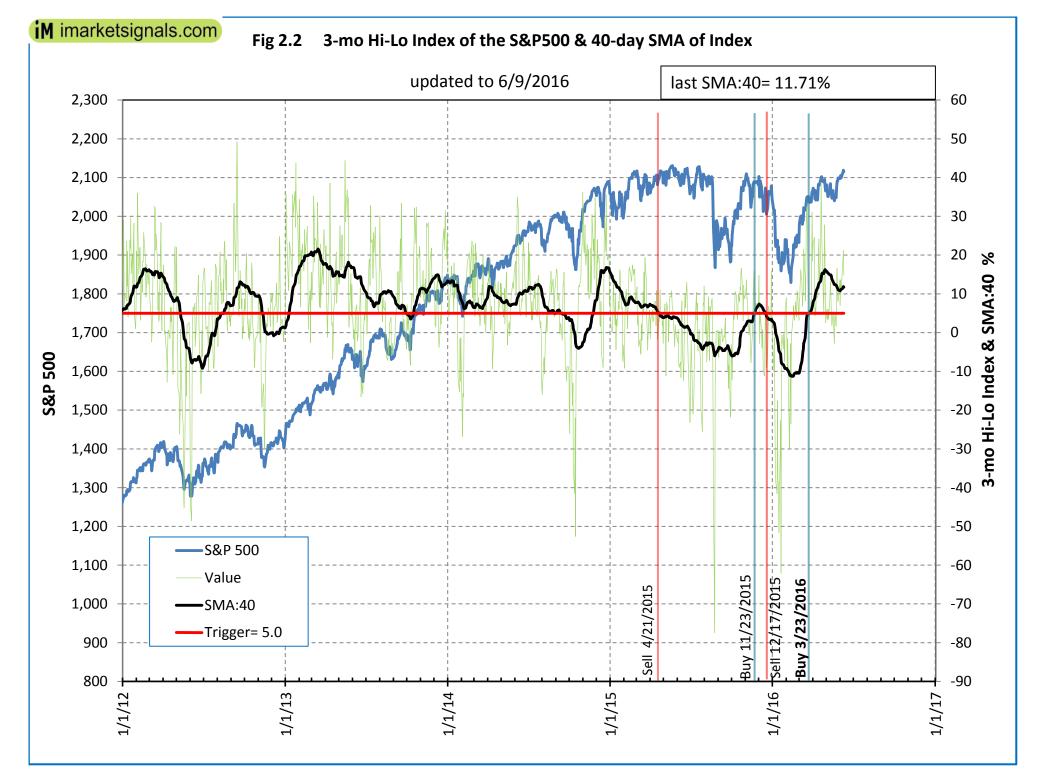
Please note: Past performance does not guarantee future returns, investments may increase or decrease in value and you may lose money using this model.

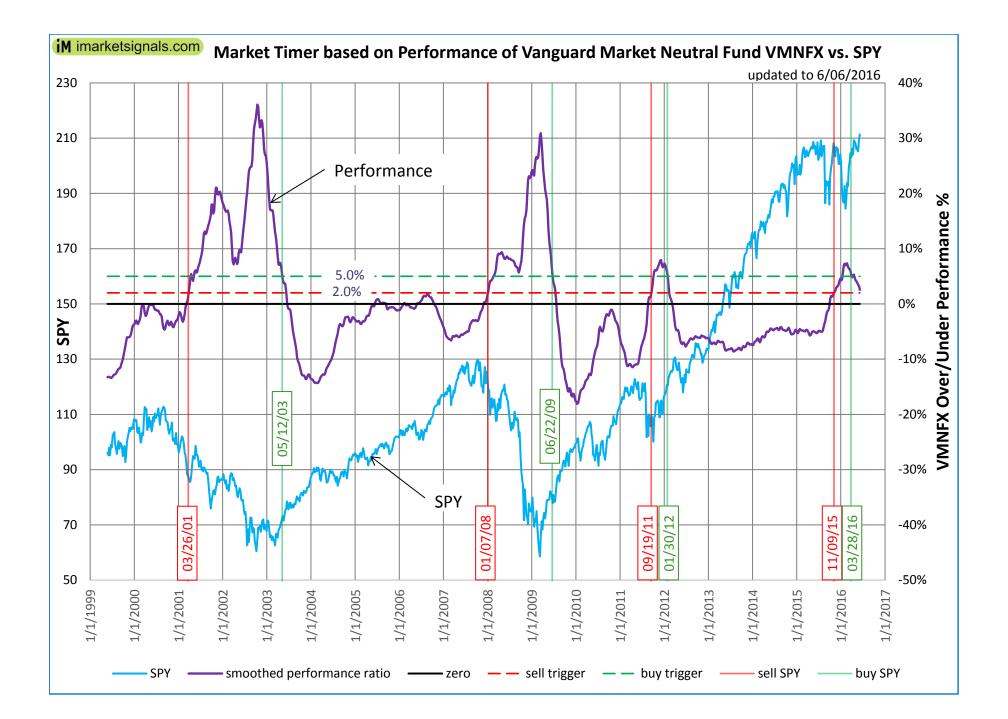


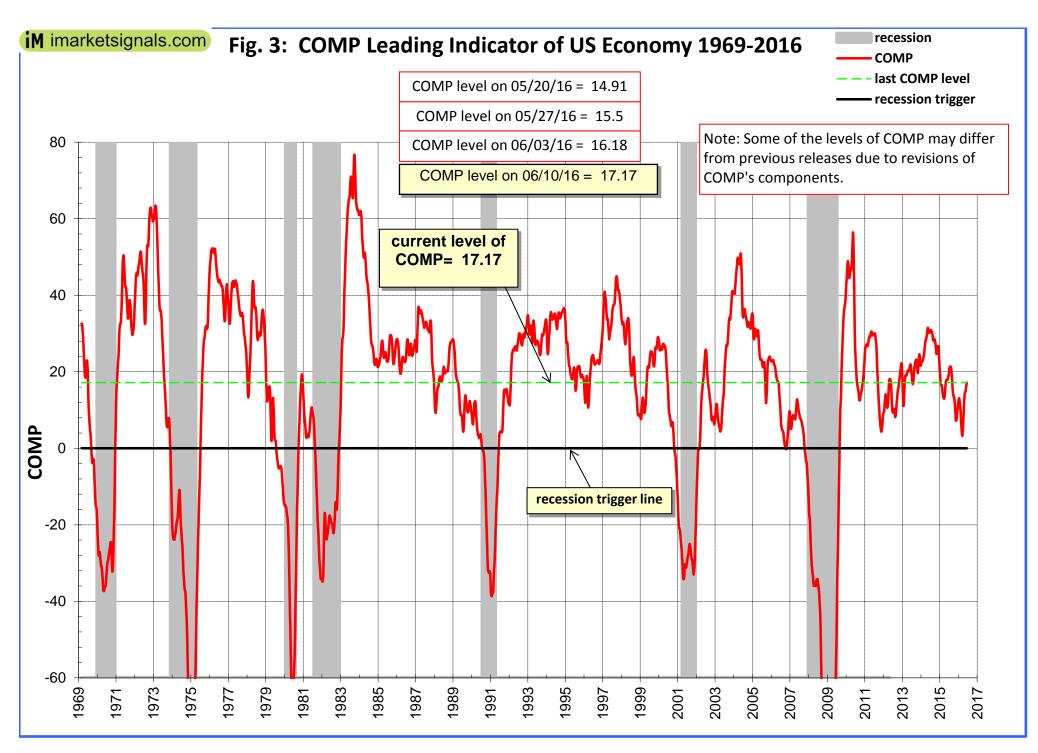
2-MAC rev8-27-15.xlsm

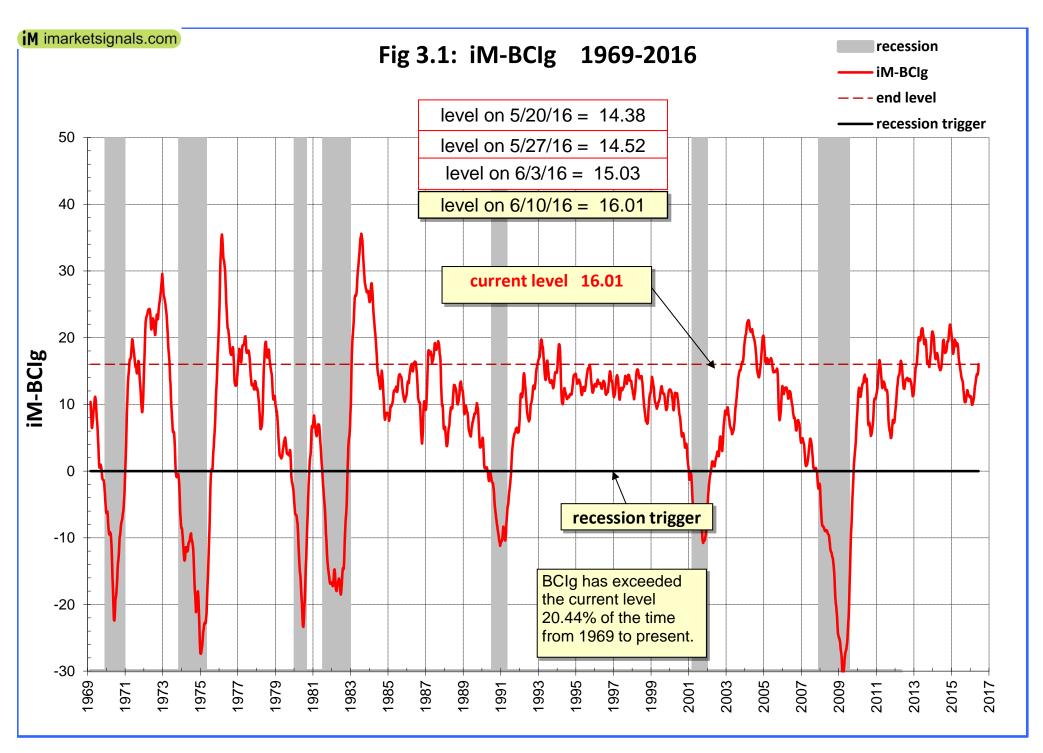


2.1-MAC Australia.xlsm









iM imarketsignals.com Figure 3.2: Forward Rate Ratio FRR2-10 - leads to Recessions

